

REGULATION OF THE REGENCY OF WEST BANDUNG
NUMBER 3 OF 2024
ON
IMPLEMENTATION OF PUBLIC ORDER, PEACE
AND COMMUNITY PROTECTION

BY THE BLESSINGS OF ALMIGHTY GOD

REGENT OF WEST BANDUNG,

Considering : a. that in order to realize the welfare of the community in peaceful, orderly, safe, and protected West Bandung Regency—it is necessary to regulate matters concerning public order, peace, and community protection;

b. that based on Article 12 section (1) point e of Law Number 23 of 2014 on Local Governments, as amended several times and last by Law Number 6 of 2023 on Enactment of Government Regulation in Lieu of Law Number 2 of 2022 on Job Creation into Law, it is stipulated that public order, peace, and community protection are Mandatory Government Affairs related to Basic Services that are implemented by the Local Government;

c. that based on the considerations as referred to in point a and point b, it is necessary to issue a Regional Regulation on Implementation of Public Order, Peace, and Community Protection.

Observing : 1. Article 18 section (6) of the 1945 Constitution of the Republic of Indonesia;

2. Law Number 12 of 2007 on Establishment of West Bandung Regency in West Java Province (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2007 Number 14, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 4688);

3. Law Number 12 of 2011 on Legislation Making (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2011 Number 82, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 5234), as amended several times, last by Law Number 13 of 2022 on the Second Amendment to Law Number 12 of 2011 on Legislation Making (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2022 Number 143, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 6801);

4. Law Number 6 of 2014 on Villages (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2014 Number 7, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 5495), as amended several times, last by Law Number 3 of 2024 on the Second Amendment to Law Number 6 of 2014 on Villages (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2024 Number 77, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 6914);
5. Law Number 23 of 2014 on Local Governments (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2014 Number 244, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 5587), as amended several times, last by Law Number 6 of 2023 on Enactment of Government Regulation in Lieu of Law Number 2 of 2022 on Job Creation into Law (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2023 Number 41, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 6856);
6. Government Regulation Number 16 of 2018 on Civil Service Police Unit (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2018 Number 72, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 6205);

With the Joint Approval of
THE REGIONAL HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
OF THE REGENCY OF WEST BANDUNG
and
THE REGENT OF WEST BANDUNG

HAS DECIDED:

To issue : REGIONAL REGULATION ON IMPLEMENTATION OF PUBLIC ORDER, PEACE, AND COMMUNITY PROTECTION.

CHAPTER I GENERAL PROVISIONS

Part One Definitions

Article 1

In this Regional Regulation:

1. Regency Area means the Area of West Bandung Regency.
2. Regent means the Regent of West Bandung.
3. Local Government means the administration of government affairs by the local government and the regional house of representatives based on the principles of autonomy and the duty of assistance, in accordance with the principles of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia as stipulated in the 1945 Constitution of the Republic of Indonesia.
4. Regency Government means the Regent as the executive element of the Local Government who leads the implementation of government affairs under the authority of the autonomous region.
5. Civil Service Police Unit (*Satuan Polisi Pamong Praja*), hereinafter referred to as Satpol PP, means a regional

apparatus established to enforce regional regulations and regional head regulations, implement public order and peace, and provide community protection.

6. Civil Service Police (*Polisi Pamong Praja*), hereinafter referred to as Pol PP, means members of the Satpol PP who are civil servants assigned specific duties, responsibilities, and authority in accordance with the provisions of legislation to enforce regional and regent regulations, implement public order and peace, and community protection.
7. Civil Servant Investigators (*Penyidik Pegawai Negeri Sipil*), hereinafter abbreviated to PPNS, means civil servants authorized to conduct investigations on violations of Regional Regulations, in accordance with the provisions of legislation.
8. Peace means a situation and condition that is free from disturbances and threats, both physical and psychological.
9. Public Order means a dynamic condition that allows the Government, Local Government, and the community to carry out their activities in a safe, orderly, and regulated manner.
10. Implementation of Public Order and Community Peace means efforts and activities carried out by Satpol PP that enable the Local Government and the community to conduct activities under peaceful, orderly, and regulated conditions, in line with its authority in the enforcement of Regional and Regent Regulations.
11. Implementation of Community Protection means the empowerment of the community carried out by the Regent and Village Heads.
12. Community Protection (*Pelindungan Masyarakat*), hereinafter referred to as Linmas, means all efforts and activities conducted to protect the community from disturbances caused by disasters, and assistance in disaster management to lessen the impact of disasters, maintaining public security, peace and order, participating in social activities, maintaining peace and order during Village Head elections, Regent elections, general elections, and supporting national defense.
13. Risk allowance means a compensation granted to the Civil Service in the Civil Service Police Unit for risks to their health and safety while performing duties related to the implementation of public order, peace, and community protection.
14. Village means a legal community unit with territorial boundaries, authorized to manage and administer government affairs and local interests based on initiatives, traditional rights, and/or ancestral heritage that are recognized within the governance system of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia.
15. Village Head means the head of the Village Government who leads the administration of the Village.
16. Head of Linmas Unit (*Kepala Satuan Linmas*), hereinafter referred to as Satlinmas, means the Village Head

responsible for leading Linmas implementation in the Village.

17. Linmas Task Force means a designated task force composed of Linmas Personnel and Satlinmas members, selectively appointed by a Regent Decision and placed under Satpol PP and the Sub-district, tasked with assisting in the implementation of linmas in their respective regions.
18. Community means any person, group, or institution residing within the Regency Area.
19. Local Budget (*Anggaran Pendapatan dan Belanja Daerah*), hereinafter abbreviated to APBD, means the Local Budget of West Bandung Regency.
20. Investigators means officers of the Indonesian National Police or certain Civil Servants who are granted special authority by the Law to conduct investigations.

Part Two Purpose and Objectives

Article 2

The purpose of this Regional Regulation is to provide a legal basis and clear guidelines for the implementation of public order, peace, and community Protection.

Article 3

The implementation of public order, peace, and community Protection as referred to in Article 2 aims to:

- a. foster a culture of order, regularity and discipline within society;
- b. provide a sense of safety, peace, and comfort to the community in carrying out daily activities;
- c. serve as a legal foundation and operational guideline for the Local Government and the community in the implementation of public order, peace, and community Protection; and
- d. serve as the basis for the enforcement of Regional Regulations and Regent Regulations.

CHAPTER II RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS

Part One Rights

Article 4

- (1) Any person has the equal rights to experience and enjoy peace, public order, and community protection.
- (2) Any person has the right to receive protection from threats and disturbances resulting from public disorder.

Part Two
Obligations

Article 5

- (1) Any person is obligated to create, maintain, and preserve peace and public order.
- (2) Any person is obligated to take part in efforts to prevent disturbances to public order.

BAB III
IMPLEMENTATION OF PUBLIC ORDER
AND COMMUNITY PEACE

Part One
Public Order

Paragraph 1
General

Article 6

- (1) The Local Government holds the authority to implement public order within the Regional jurisdiction.
- (2) The scope of implementation of public order includes:
 - a. orderliness in traffic management;
 - b. orderliness in road transportation;
 - c. maintenance of greenway, parks, and public spaces;
 - d. regulation of rivers, lakes, and drainage systems;
 - e. orderliness and aesthetics of urban environment;
 - f. orderliness in businesses/trading activities;
 - g. regulation of buildings;
 - h. regulation of building owners and occupants;
 - i. social order;
 - j. well-organized social welfare services;
 - k. orderliness in public health;
 - l. orderliness in entertainment venues and crowds;
 - m. student conduct;
 - n. orderliness in public expression;
 - o. orderly community participation;
 - p. orderly religious harmony; and
 - q. any other forms of order as stipulated by regional regulations.

Paragraph 2
Orderliness in Traffic Management

Article 7

- (1) Any pedestrian must:
 - a. walk on the sidewalk where such sidewalks are provided; or
 - b. cross the road only at designated pedestrian crossings or marked crossing points.
- (2) Any pedestrian is prohibited from:
 - a. breaching or jumping over road barriers; or
 - b. walking on city parks or greenway.

Article 8

Any person or entity is prohibited, unless with the explicit permission of an authorized official, from:

- a. closing any public road;
- b. constructing or installing any gate or portal on a road;
- c. building or installing road safety embankments;
- d. constructing, installing, relocating, or disabling traffic signs;
- e. blocking road intersections or turning points;
- f. dismantling road dividers;
- g. dismantling, cutting, or damaging road safety barriers or fences;
- h. installing cables and/or similar objects across the road; and/or
- i. committing any act that may damage the road or endanger traffic safety.

Article 9

Any person who does not have the proper authority is prohibited from directing vehicle traffic at road intersections, bends, roundabouts, or other designated locations, unless permitted/recommended by an authorized official in accordance with the provisions of legislation.

Article 10

- (1) Any person is prohibited from installing symbols, emblems, flags, banners, streamers, pennants, or advertisements on sidewalks, road shoulders, carriageways, and/or road medians without obtaining permission/recommendation in accordance with the provisions of legislation.
- (2) Any person is prohibited from placing banners or advertisements by suspending them across the road.

Article 11

Any person is prohibited from using the road for purposes other than traffic, unless they have obtained permission/recommendation from the relevant institutions in accordance with the provisions of legislation.

Paragraph 3

Orderliness in Road Transportation

Article 12

Any road transport driver is obligated to comply with traffic signs and prioritize the safety of passengers and other road users when picking up or dropping off the passengers.

Article 13

Any person or entity is prohibited from:

- a. transporting dusty, foul-smelling, and/or easily scattered materials using open transportation means, or in a manner that causes public disturbance or disrupts public order;

- b. transporting hazardous and toxic materials, flammable substances, and/or explosives without proper permit documentation in accordance with the provisions of legislation; and
- c. conducting dirt transportation activities without the required recommendations/permit documents issued by the authorized Regional Apparatus.

Article 14

- (1) Any person is prohibited from operating public passenger transportation using non-motorized vehicles on roads designated by authorized officials as non-motorized vehicle-free zones.
- (2) On roads designated as non-motorized vehicle-free zones as referred to in section (1), the appropriate traffic signs are installed.

Article 15

Any public transportation vehicle is required to provide a trash bin inside the vehicle.

Article 16

Any public transportation operator is prohibited from using their vehicle for any activity that violates the provisions of legislation.

Article 17

- (1) Any person is prohibited from parking a vehicle on the roadside or on road facilities that are not designated as parking areas.
- (2) Any person is prohibited from collecting parking fees, managing, and/or directing parking activities on public roads unless they have obtained permission from an authorized official.

Paragraph 4

Maintenance of Greenway, Parks, and Public Spaces

Article 18

Any person is prohibited from:

- a. engaging in any act that may damage greenway or parks, including their facilities;
- b. jumping over or forcing entry through fences along greenway or parks;
- c. climbing, cutting, or damaging trees and plants growing along greenway and parks, except with permission from the authorized Regional Apparatus;
- d. installing, attaching, or hanging objects/items along greenway, city parks, and public spaces, except with a permit from the Regional Apparatus in charge of licensing;
- e. storing, washing, or repairing motorized or non-motorized vehicles in greenway, parks, and public spaces, unless permitted by an authorized official;

- f. loading or unloading vehicle cargo in greenway, parks, or public spaces, except with permission from an authorized official;
- g. storing construction materials or other items in greenway, parks, or public spaces, unless authorized by an authorized official;
- h. utilizing greenway, parks, or public areas under bridges or flyovers for purposes inconsistent with their intended function, unless authorized by an authorized official;
- i. defecating and/or urinating in greenway, parks, and public spaces.

Paragraph 5

Regulation of Rivers, Lakes, and Water Channels/Drainage

Article 19

- (1) Any person is prohibited from residing or sleeping on riverbanks, lakeshores, and within water channels/drainage areas.
- (2) Any person is prohibited from washing objects or materials in rivers or lakes that may result in water pollution.
- (3) Any person or entity is prohibited from utilizing rivers or lakes for business or commercial purposes without prior authorization from the authorized official.
- (4) Any person or entity is prohibited from altering, diverting, blocking, or permanently closing water/drainage channels, resulting in their dysfunction, without prior authorization from the authorized official.
- (5) Any person or entity is prohibited from catching fish in rivers, lakes, or water channels/drainage using electric current, explosives, or toxic substances.
- (6) Any person or entity is prohibited from taking, relocating, or damaging irrigation networks, manhole covers, gutters, water channels or drainage systems, and road auxiliary structures, except where such actions are carried out by an authorized officer for official purposes.
- (7) Any person or entity is prohibited from constructing bridges/piers/any permanent structure over rivers, irrigation networks, water channels, lakes without a recommendation/permit issued by the authorized official.

Paragraph 6

Orderliness and Aesthetic of Urban Environment

Article 20

- (1) Any person or entity is prohibited from scribbling, writing, painting, or affixing advertisements in places that may disturb the aesthetic of the urban environment, including but not limited to:
 - a. public facilities, such as walls, fences, overpasses, pedestrian bridges, bus stops, utility poles, and trees, except with the permission of the authorized official; and
 - b. buildings owned by individuals or entities, without the consent of the respective owner.

- (2) The prohibition as referred to in section (1) does not apply to the creation of artistic works in the form of murals/graffiti that have obtained prior approval from the Regional Apparatus responsible for arts and culture.

Paragraph 7
Orderliness in Business/Trading Activities

Article 21

- (1) Any person or entity is prohibited from conducting sales activities on roads, sidewalks, Pedestrian Bridges, railway tracks, water channels/drainage systems, riverbanks, and lake shores.
- (2) Any person or entity is prohibited from conducting sales activities in greenway, parks, and public spaces, unless granted permission by the authorized official.
- (3) Any person or entity is prohibited from selling or distributing goods and/or materials of a pornographic nature.
- (4) Any person is prohibited from engaging in business activities as a ticket broker for public transportation or entertainment.
- (5) Any person is prohibited from purchasing goods or services from street vendors or traders operating in areas where trading is officially prohibited.

Article 22

- (1) The Regent and/or Regional Apparatus appointed in accordance with their respective authority may designate certain sections of roads and public places as business areas for street vendors within a planned arrangement.
- (2) Further provisions regarding the procedures for the designation and arrangement of road sections and public places as business areas for street vendors as referred to in section (1) are regulated by a Regent Regulation.

Paragraph 8
Regulation of Buildings

Article 23

- (1) Any person is obligated to protect and maintain the land, grounds, and buildings located within their ownership.
- (2) Any person is obligated to utilize their building in accordance with the permit that has been granted.
- (3) Any person or entity is prohibited from constructing buildings or other towering structures within the High Voltage Overhead Power Line area at a radius that does not comply with the provisions stipulated in the provisions of legislation.
- (4) Any person or entity is prohibited from constructing buildings on roads, river channels, parks, and/or greenway, except with the permission of the authorized official.
- (5) Any person or entity is prohibited from constructing buildings along the railway tracks within a distance

determined in accordance with the provisions of legislation.

- (6) Any person or entity is prohibited from constructing buildings on state-owned land, regional-owned land, or social and public facilities owned by the local government, except with the permission of the authorized official.
- (7) The provision as referred to in section (4) is exempted in the case of building construction for public interest purposes, based on the Regional Spatial Planning Plan and upon obtaining a permit from the Regent or an appointed Official.

Paragraph 9

Regulation of Building Owners and Occupants

Article 24

- (1) Any owner or occupant is obligated to maintain yard fences and trim hedges bordering the road within the boundaries of their authority.
- (2) Any owner or occupant is obligated to remove any parts of trees, shrubs, or plants that may pose a disturbance to public security and order within their area of responsibility.
- (3) Any owner or occupant is obligated to provide street lighting in front of their respective buildings at their own expense.

Paragraph 10

Social Order

Article 25

- (1) Any person is prohibited from:
 - a. committing acts of prostitution;
 - b. offering and/or making oneself available to commit acts of prostitution;
 - c. ordering, facilitating, persuading, coercing, or offering others to engage in prostitution; and
 - d. using prostitution services.
- (2) Any person is prohibited from committing Immoral Acts on roads, greenway, parks, and public places.
- (3) Any person is prohibited from providing and/or operating a place used to facilitate Immoral Acts and/or prostitution.
- (4) Any person or entity is prohibited from providing opportunities that may give rise to immoral acts and/or prostitution.

Article 26

- (1) Any person or entity is prohibited from soliciting donations on the streets, in public transportation, homes, offices, and public places without written permission from an authorized official.
- (2) Any person or entity is prohibited from engaging in begging, busking, vagrancy, street trading, and/or cleaning vehicles on the streets, at traffic lights, in public transportation, on pedestrian bridges, and in office areas.

- (3) Any person or entity is prohibited from instructing or directing others to beg and/or busk in the locations as referred to in section (2).
- (4) Any person or entity is prohibited from giving money or goods to beggars and/or buskers in the locations as referred to in section (2).
- (5) Any person or entity is prohibited from exploiting children, infants, and/or persons with disabilities to become beggars or buskers.

Article 27

- (1) Any person is prohibited from engaging in any form of gambling.
- (2) Any person or entity is prohibited from organizing, operating, or facilitating any gambling activity.

Article 28

- (1) Any person is prohibited from consuming alcoholic beverages in public places as regulated under the provisions of legislation.
- (2) Any person is prohibited from being intoxicated and disturbing public order and peace.
- (3) Any person is prohibited from engaging in the production, distribution, circulation, sale, mixing, storage, and/or hoarding of alcoholic beverages that do not comply with the provisions of legislation.

Article 29

- (1) Any person is prohibited from engaging in fights between individuals or groups.
- (2) Any person who visits or resides in an area for more than 1 x 24 (one time twenty-four) hours, or stays overnight, is obligated to report to the local Neighborhood Association (RT) administrator.
- (3) Any owner of a rented house, manager of an apartment and/or boarding house is obligated to report all occupants of the rented premises to the Head of the Neighborhood Association (RT) and the Head of the Residents' Association (RW) periodically every 3 (three) months.
- (4) Any resident of a rented house is obligated to report to the Village Head through the administrator of the Neighborhood Association (RT).

Paragraph 11

Well-Organized Social Welfare Service

Article 30

- (1) Efforts to handle individuals in need of Social Welfare Services include:
 - a. enforcement measures;
 - b. provision of temporary shelter;
 - c. repatriation to their area of origin; and/or
 - d. placement in institutions or social rehabilitation centers that provide such services.

- (2) The effort to handle individuals in need of Social Welfare Services as referred to in section (1) point a is carried out by the Satpol PP in collaboration with the Regional Apparatus responsible for Social Affairs.
- (3) The efforts to handle individuals in need of Social Welfare Services as referred to in section (1) point b, point c, and point d are carried out by the Regional Apparatus responsible for Social Affairs.
- (4) In handling individuals in need of Social Welfare Services, the Local Government may coordinate and cooperate with relevant agencies and/or institutions.
- (5) Further provisions regarding the efforts to handle individuals in need of Social Welfare Services as referred to in section (1), as well as the implementation of coordination and cooperation as referred to in section (4), are regulated by a Regent Regulation.

Article 31

- (1) The Satpol PP in accordance with its authority, carries out enforcement/outreach actions towards individuals in need of Social Welfare Services.
- (2) In carrying out the enforcement as referred to in section (1), the Satpol PP coordinates with the Police, Regional Apparatus, and/or other relevant agencies involved in handling social issues.

Paragraph 12

Orderliness in Public Health

Article 32

- (1) Any person or entity is prohibited from conducting medical practices or any health-related activities without written permission from the authorized official.
- (2) Any person or entity is prohibited from offering and/or selling goods, medicines, and/or services that have health-related effects without written permission from the authorized official.
- (3) Any person is prohibited from restraining, neglecting, or abandoning Persons with Mental Disorders in a manner that disrupts public order and peace.

Paragraph 13

Orderliness in Entertainment Venues and Crowds

Article 33

- (1) Any person is prohibited from operating an entertainment business premises without written permission from the Regent or an appointed official.
- (2) The Local Government carries out enforcement actions against entertainment venues or activities that disturb public order and peace and/or may cause adverse impacts to the community.
- (3) Any entertainment business that has obtained written permission is prohibited from conducting activities that deviate from the scope of the granted permit.

Paragraph 14
Student Conduct

Article 34

- (1) Any Student is prohibited from:
 - a. bringing motorized vehicles to school;
 - b. bringing sharp weapons and/or items that may endanger themselves or others;
 - c. bringing or using items containing pornographic content, tobacco products, narcotics, psychotropic substances, other hazardous addictive substances, alcoholic beverages, and/or contraceptives;
 - d. engaging in activities outside of school unrelated to school programs or loitering in public places during school hours; and/or
 - e. committing acts that may lead to criminal behavior, brawls or fights, vandalism such as scribbling on walls, signboards, traffic signs, and/or direction signs.
- (2) The provisions as referred to in section (1) point a and point d are exempted for Students of public and private schools who possess a valid driving license and have obtained prior approval from the authorized school official.
- (3) Students who bring and/or use:
 - a. tobacco products;
 - b. alcoholic beverages;
 - c. items containing pornographic content; and/or
 - d. contraceptives;are subject to immediate guidance by school teachers and reported to the school authorities with a copy forwarded to their parents/guardians.

Paragraph 15
Orderliness in Public Expression

Article 35

- (1) Any person and/or entity conducting public expression, demonstrations, and/or mass mobilization is obligated to submit prior notification to the authorized agency and adhere to the provisions of legislation.
- (2) In the conduct of public expression, demonstrations, and/or mass mobilization, any person and/or entity is prohibited from:
 - a. carrying firearms, sharp weapons, or other items that may endanger themselves or others;
 - b. damaging public infrastructure and facilities;
 - c. engaging in anarchic acts that pose a danger to themselves or others;
 - d. discarding items and/or attributes used during the activity onto roads, greenway, river streams, private property, or public areas.

Paragraph 16
Orderly Community Participation

Article 36

- (1) Any person or entity is prohibited from placing or installing emblems, symbols, flags, banners, pennants, or advertisements on bridge dividers, road separators, roads, pedestrian bridges, bus shelters, terminals, parks, utility poles, and public spaces.
- (2) The placement and installation of emblems, symbols, flags, banners, pennants, or advertisements as referred to in section (1) may only be carried out after obtaining a written permission from the Regent or an appointed official.
- (3) Any person or Entity who places or installs emblems, symbols, flags, banners, pennants, or advertisements as referred to in section (2) is obligated to remove and clean them up after the validity period expires.

Article 37

- (1) Any person or Entity is prohibited from damaging public facilities and infrastructure during demonstrations, public protests, and/or mass mobilizations.
- (2) Any person or Entity is prohibited from discarding objects and/or equipment used during demonstrations, public protests, rallies, or mass mobilizations on roads, greenway, or public spaces.

Article 38

Any person or Entity who owns a house and/or building is obligated to display the Indonesian national flag (Red and White) during national and regional commemorative days at specific times in accordance with the provisions of legislation.

Paragraph 17
Orderly Religious Harmony

Article 39

- (1) Any religious adherent is prohibited from:
 - a. insulting or offending others;
 - b. obstructing religious activities;
 - c. damaging religious facilities or infrastructure;
 - d. conducting religious practices prohibited by the government;
 - e. carrying out religious activities that cause unrest or disrupt public order and societal harmony;
 - f. promoting deviant sects to the public;
 - g. using residential houses as public places of worship; and
 - h. constructing, expanding, or developing places of worship without prior permission from the Regent or authorized Official.
- (2) Any person operating food and beverage businesses, night entertainment venues, pubs, discotheques, karaoke lounges and/or massage parlors must maintain a conducive atmosphere and adjust their business

operations on religious observance days to avoid disturbing worship activities.

Part Two Administrative Sanctions

Article 40

- (1) Any person or entity that violates the provisions of Article 7, Article 8 point b, point c, point e, and point h, Article 9, Article 10, Article 11, Article 12, Article 13 point a, Article 14, Article 15, Article 16, Article 17, Article 18, Article 19 point (1, Article 20, Article 21, Article 23, Article 24, Article 25 section (2), Article 26 section (1), section (2), and section (4), Article 29, Article 32 section (1), Article 33, Article 34 section (1) point a and point d, Article 35 section (1) and section (2), Article 36 section (1) and section (3); Article 37, Article 38, and Article 39 is subject to administrative sanctions in the form of:
 - a. verbal warning;
 - b. written warning;
 - c. temporary suspension of activities;
 - d. permanent termination of activities;
 - e. temporary revocation of permits;
 - f. permanent revocation of permits;
 - g. administrative fines; and/or
 - h. other administrative sanctions in accordance with the provisions of legislation.
- (2) The imposition of administrative sanctions as referred to in point a to point c is carried out by the Satpol PP.
- (3) The imposition of administrative sanctions as referred to in section (1) point d to point g and point h is carried out jointly by the Satpol PP and the relevant Regional Apparatus.
- (4) The maximum amount of administrative fines as referred to in section (1) point g is Rp10,000,000.00 (ten million rupiah), unless stipulated otherwise in legislation.
- (5) The administrative fines as referred to in section (4) is deposited into the Regional Treasury.
- (6) Further provisions regarding the procedures for imposing administrative sanctions are regulated by a Regent Regulation.

Part Three Community Peace

Article 41

- (1) The implementation of community peace aims to create a sense of inner comfort for each member of the community.
- (2) The implementation of community peace as referred to in section (1) is carried out by upholding customary norms and prevailing social values through the following approaches:
 - a. informative;
 - b. dialogic; and
 - c. persuasive.

Article 42

- (1) The Local Government may enhance the implementation of community peace through the development of a community peace complaint service system.
- (2) The development of the service system as referred to in section (1) is carried out through:
 - a. strengthening the monitoring of Regional conditions;
 - b. establishment of a Community Peace Concern Forum; and
 - c. enhancement of the role of Community Protection.

Part Four

Handling Public Order Disturbances and Community Peace

Article 43

- (1) The Satpol PP implements Public Order and Community Peace within the Regency Area.
- (2) The implementation of Public Order and Community Peace as referred to in section (1) includes the following activities:
 - a. early detection and prevention;
 - b. guidance and outreach;
 - c. patrol;
 - d. security provision;
 - e. escort services;
 - f. enforcement; and
 - g. handling of demonstrations and mass riots.
- (3) The implementation of Public Order and Community Peace within the regency Area as referred to in section (1) and section (2) may be conducted through coordination and cooperation among Satpol PP units at various territorial levels.
- (4) In the implementation of Public Order and Community Peace within the sub-district area, a Regency Technical Implementation Unit of Satpol PP may be established.
- (5) The Regency Technical Implementation Unit of Satpol PP in the sub-district as referred to in section (4) is led by a unit head who concurrently serves ex officio as the Section Head of Public Order and Peace at the sub-district level.
- (6) The Village Head, through the Satlinmas, assists the Implementation of Public Order and Community Peace in the Village.
- (7) The implementation of Public Order, Community Peace, and Community Protection in the Village as referred to in section (6) is carried out by the Village Head under the coordination of the subdistrict head.

Article 44

The Implementation of Public Order and Community Peace activities is carried out in the following stages:

- a. planning;
- b. execution; and
- c. reporting.

Article 45

Any member of the Pol PP and Satlinmas in the Implementation of Public Order and Community Peace activities is equipped with:

- a. letter of assignment; and
- b. tools and equipment.

Article 46

- (1) In carrying out Public Order and Community Peace activities, Satpol PP may request assistance from personnel of the Indonesian National Police, the Indonesian National Armed Forces, and/or relevant technical agencies.
- (2) In conducting Public Order and Community Peace activities, the Village Head, through the subdistrict head, may request assistance from personnel of the Indonesian National Police, the Indonesian National Armed Forces, and/or relevant technical agencies.
- (3) The assistance as referred to in section (1) and section (2) may be requested in cases that have wide social impact and high-risk potential.

Article 47

The procedures for implementation, stages, equipment, and assistance in the Implementation of Public Order and Community Peace in the Regency Area are further regulated by a Regent Regulation.

Part Five

Enforcement of Regional Regulations

Article 48

- (1) The enforcement of Regional Regulations that contain criminal sanctions is carried out through the following activities:
 - a. non-judicial preventive measures; and
 - b. judicial prosecution.
- (2) The non-judicial preventive measures and judicial prosecution as referred to in section (1) point a and point b are carried out against persons/entities/institutions that violate the Regional Regulations.
- (3) In enforcing the Regional Regulations, the Satpol PP acts as the coordinator of Regional PPNS.

Article 49

- (1) The non-judicial preventive measures as referred to in Article 48 section (1) point a take the form of administrative sanctions.
- (2) The implementation of non-judicial preventive measures as referred to in section (1) is carried out in accordance with the Standard Operating Procedures of Satpol PP based on the provisions of legislation and may be conducted jointly with relevant Regional Apparatus.

- (3) The imposition of administrative sanctions is carried out by Satpol PP or Regional Apparatus in accordance with the provisions of legislation.
- (4) Further provisions regarding the implementation of non-judicial preventive measures are regulated by Regent Regulation.

Article 50

- (1) Judicial prosecution activities as referred to in Article 48 section (1) point b consist of preliminary investigation and investigation.
- (2) The preliminary investigation and investigation as referred to in section (1) are carried out by the PPNS in accordance with the provisions of legislation.

Article 51

Enforcement actions against violations of Regional Regulations are carried out in accordance with the Technical Operational Guidelines of PPNS.

Part Six

Enforcement Measures against Violations of Activities of Which Permits are not Under the Authority of the Local Government

Article 52

- (1) Enforcement measures against violations of activities whose permits are not under the authority of the Local Government include:
 - a. on-site inspection, covering:
 - 1) identification of the person in charge;
 - 2) location and type of activity conducted; and
 - 3) completeness of permits.
 - b. enforcement procedures, covering:
 1. summoning the person in charge of the activity;
 2. drafting an inspection report;
 3. ordering the cessation of the activity;
 4. ordering the restoration of environmental damage and the completion of permit requirements; and
 5. submitting recommendations for follow-up actions to the competent authority.
- (2) The enforcement actions as referred to in section (1) are applied to activities of which permits are not under the authority of the Local Government but the implementation affects public order within the Region.

CHAPTER IV

IMPLEMENTATION OF COMMUNITY PROTECTION

Article 53

- (1) The Regent and the Village Heads are obligated to implement Linmas.

- (2) The Linmas at the local government level is implemented by the Satpol PP, and at the Village level by the Village Head.

Article 54

- (1) In implementing Linmas as referred to in Article 53 section (1), the Local Government establishes Linmas Task Force at the regency and sub-district levels, as stipulated in a Regent decision.
- (2) The decision as referred to in section (1) includes, among others, the duties of the Linmas Task Force, which consist of organizing and empowering the Satlinmas.

Article 55

- (1) The Linmas Task Force as referred to in Article 54 consists of:
 - a. Head of the Linmas Task Force; and
 - b. Members of the Linmas Task Force.
- (2) The Head of the Linmas Task Force as referred to in section (1) point a is held by an official responsible for Linmas, and at the sub-district level by the Section Head of the Peace and Order.
- (3) The Members of the Linmas Task Force as referred to in section (1) point b consist of Linmas Apparatus from the local government and Sub-district Linmas Apparatus for Sub-district level, and selected members of the Satlinmas.
- (4) The Linmas Task Force as referred to in section (3) consists of at least 10 (ten) members.
- (5) The duties of the Linmas Task Force as referred to in section (4) include:
 - a. assisting the development of Satlinmas;
 - b. assisting in maintaining security, public safety, peace, and order;
 - c. assisting in disaster and fire prevention and response; and
 - d. carrying out other duties assigned by the Head of the Linmas Task Force.
- (6) In carrying out its duties, the Linmas Task Force may, when necessary, deploy members of the Satlinmas.

Article 56

- (1) The implementation of Linmas in Village areas is carried out by the Village Head in accordance with duties, functions, and authorities based on the provisions of legislation.
- (2) The Village Government, in implementing Linmas as referred to in section (1), establishes Satlinmas, determined by a Village Head Decision.
- (3) The organizational structure of Satlinmas as referred to in section (2) consists of:
 - a. head of Satlinmas;
 - b. executive head;
 - c. squad commander; and
 - d. members.

- (4) The head of Satlinmas as referred to in section (3) point a, is held by the Village Head.
- (5) The executive head as referred to in section (3) point b, is held by the section head in charge of public order, peace, and Linmas.
- (6) The squad commander as referred to in section (3) point c, is appointed by the executive head upon approval from the Head of Satlinmas.
- (7) The members as referred to in section (3) point d at least consist of 5 (five) persons, and the maximum number are adjusted based on the capability and condition of the Village area.

Article 57

Further provisions regarding the organization and working procedures of the Linmas Task Force as referred to in Article 55 and Satlinmas as referred to in Article 56 are regulated in a Regent Regulation.

CHAPTER V GUIDANCE AND REPORTING

Part One Guidance

Article 58

- (1) The Regent provides the guidance of the Implementation of Public Order and Community Peace, as well as Linmas in the Regency Area.
- (2) The guidance as referred to in section (1) includes:
 - a. preparing the formulation of policies in the fields of Public Order and Community Peace, as well as Linmas at the Regency Area;
 - b. enhancing Capacity in accordance with the provisions of legislation in the Regency Area;
 - c. implementing policies related to coordination and guidance in the implementation of Public Order and Community Peace, as well as Linmas in the Regency Area;
 - d. coordinating efforts in the fields of Public Order and Community Peace, as well as Linmas in the Regency Area; and
 - e. monitoring, evaluating, and reporting on the implementation of Public Order and Community Peace, as well as Linmas in the Regency Area.
- (3) The guidance as referred to in section (2) is provided through the head of Satpol PP and relevant Regional Apparatuses in charge of Village Governance.
- (4) In providing the guidance of the Implementation of Public Order and Community Peace, as well as Linmas as referred to in section (2), the Regent may delegate part of the implementation to the sub-district head by a Regent Decision.

Article 59

- (1) Based on the delegation as referred to in Article 58 section (4), the sub-district head provides guidance for the implementation of Linmas at the Village level within their jurisdiction.
- (2) The guidance as referred to in section (1) includes:
 - a. implementing policies related to coordination and technical operations of Linmas at the sub-district level;
 - b. coordinating the preparation of mapping in the field of Linmas at the sub-district level;
 - c. providing technical guidance and supervision for the operational Implementation of Linmas and Capacity Improvement at the sub-district level; and
 - d. conducting monitoring, evaluation, and reporting on the Implementation of Linmas at the sub-district level.
- (3) The guidance as referred to in section (1) is provided through the section head of peace and order.

Article 60

- (1) The Village Head as referred to in Article 59 section (1) provides technical and operational guidance on the implementation of Linmas within their jurisdiction.
- (2) The technical and operational guidance as referred to in section (1) includes:
 - a. implementing policies in the coordination and technical operation of Linmas at the Village level;
 - b. coordinating the preparation of mapping in the field of Linmas at the Village level;
 - c. carrying out recruitment and deployment in the field of Linmas at the Village level; and
 - d. conducting monitoring, evaluation, and reporting on Implementation of Linmas at the Village level.
- (3) The technical and operational guidance at the Village level as referred to in section (1) and section (2) is provided in accordance with the provisions of legislation governing Villages.

Part Two Reporting

Article 61

The reporting of the Implementation of Public Order, Community Peace, and Community Protection follows an integrated reporting information system connected to the Central Government in accordance with the provisions of legislation.

Article 62

- (1) The Village Head submits the report on the Implementation of Linmas to the Sub-district Head.
- (2) The Sub-district Head submits the report on the Implementation of Linmas to the Regent through the head

of Satpol PP and the Regional Apparatus in charge of village affairs.

- (3) The Regent submits the report on the Implementation of Linmas to the governor.
- (4) The reports as referred to in section (1) to section (3) are submitted periodically every six (6) months and/or at any time as required.

CHAPTER VI COORDINATION, COOPERATION AND FACILITATION

Article 63

- (1) In carrying out public order, community peace, and community protection, the Regent coordinates with the Central Government, Provincial Government, other regency/municipal Governments, relevant agencies, and the community.
- (2) The coordination as referred to in section (1) is carried out by the Satpol PP, in accordance with its authority and the provisions of legislation.

Article 64

- (1) The Regent establishes cooperation in the implementation of public order, community peace, and community protection.
- (2) The cooperation as referred to in section (1) may include:
 - a. inter-regional cooperation between local governments; and/or
 - b. cooperation between the Region and third parties.

Article 65

- (1) The Regent facilitates the establishment of coordination forums and the development of maintenance partners for public order and community peace.
- (2) The public order and peace maintenance partners as referred to in section (1) serve the following functions:
 - a. receive public complaints regarding disturbances to public order and peace; and
 - b. assist in mediation in case of disputes.
- (3) The form of facilitation for the maintenance partners includes coordination and awards.

CHAPTER VII INFORMATION SYSTEM

Article 66

- (1) To enhance the efficiency, effectiveness, transparency, and accountability of implementing public order, community peace, and community protection, as well as the enforcement of Regional legislation, the Local Government through the Satpol PP may utilize information technology.
- (2) The use of the information system as referred to in section (1) may include:
 - a. the development and enhancement of information technology Infrastructure;

- b. the development and improvement of applications; and
- c. the development of human resources in the field of information technology.

CHAPTER VIII PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

Article 67

- (1) The public participates in maintaining public order and peace.
- (2) Forms of public participation as referred to in section (1) include:
 - a. reporting violations of Regional legislation and/or disturbances to public order and peace;
 - b. mediating disputes among residents within their neighborhood;
 - c. refraining from taking repressive actions; and
 - d. refraining from taking arbitrary actions.
- (3) The public reports concerning disturbances and violations as referred to in section (2) point a and point b are submitted to the Satpol PP.

CHAPTER IX JOB RISK SECURITY AND INCENTIVES

Article 68

- (1) The Civil Service within the Satpol PP are entitled to health security, employment injury security, death security, and legal assistance in accordance with the provisions of legislation.
- (2) Further provisions regarding job risk security are regulated by a Regent Regulation.

Article 69

- (1) The Satpol PP personnel and PPNS are granted special incentives in accordance with the financial capacity of the region in accordance with the provisions of legislation.
- (2) The amount of incentives as referred to in section (1) is determined by a Regent Decision.

CHAPTER X FUNDING

Article 70

- (1) Funding for the Implementation of Public Order and Community Peace, as well as Linmas at the Regency level is sourced from the local budget.
- (2) Funding for the Implementation of Public Order and Community Peace, as well as Linmas at the Village level is sourced from the Village budget.
- (3) In addition to the funding as referred to in section (1), the implementation of Linmas may also be sourced from other lawful and non-binding sources in accordance with the provisions of legislation.

CHAPTER XI INVESTIGATION

Article 71

- (1) The PPNS carries out investigations on violations of regional regulations in accordance with the provisions of legislation.
- (2) The investigative authorities as referred to in section (1) include:
 - a. receiving reports or complaints from individuals regarding alleged criminal acts;
 - b. taking initial action at the scene of the incident;
 - c. ordering a suspect to stop and inspecting the suspect's identification;
 - d. conducting searches and seizures;
 - e. examining and confiscating documents;
 - f. taking fingerprints and photographing individuals;
 - g. summoning persons for questioning as suspects or witnesses;
 - h. engaging expert witnesses relevant to the case under investigation;
 - i. terminating an investigation; and
 - j. taking other lawful and accountable actions.

CHAPTER XII CRIMINAL PROVISIONS

Article 72

- (1) Any person who violates the provisions of Article 8 point a, point d, point f, point g, point i, Article 13 point c, Article 19 section (2), section (3), section (4), section (5), section (6), and section (7), Article 25 section (1) point a, point b, and point d, section (3) and section (4), Article 26 section (3) and section (5), Article 28 section (1) and section (2), Article 32 section (2) and section (3), and Article 35 section (2) point d of this Regional Regulation is subject to imprisonment for a maximum of 3 (three) months or a fine for a maximum of Rp10,000,000.00 (ten million rupiah).
- (2) Any person who violates the provisions of Article 13 point b and Article 25 section (1) point c of this Regional Regulation is subject to imprisonment for a maximum of 6 (six) months or a fine for a maximum of Rp50,000,000.00 (fifty million rupiah).
- (3) The Criminal Acts as referred to in section (1) and section (2) are categorized as Violations.

Article 73

- (1) Any person who violates the provisions of Article 27, Article 28 section (3), Article 29 section (1), Article 34 section (1) point b, point c and point e, Article 35 section (2) point a, point b, and point c is subject to criminal sanctions in accordance with the provisions of legislation.
- (2) The Criminal Acts as referred to in section (1) are categorized as Criminal Offense.

CHAPTER XIII
CLOSING PROVISIONS

Article 74

At the time this Regional Regulation comes into force, Regulation of the Regency of West Bandung Number 12 of 2013 on Order, Cleanliness, and Beauty (Regional Gazette of the Regency of West Bandung of 2013 Number 12) is repealed and declared ineffective.

Article 75

This Regional Regulation comes into force on the date of its promulgation.

In order that every person may know hereof, it is ordered to promulgate this Regional Regulation by its placement in the Regional Gazette of the Regency of West Bandung.

Issued in Ngamprah
on 2 September 2024

ACTING REGENT OF WEST BANDUNG,

signed

ADE ZAKIR

Promulgated in Ngamprah
on 2 September 2024

ACTING REGIONAL SECRETARY
OF THE REGENCY OF WEST BANDUNG,

signed

R. ERISKA HENDRAYANA

REGIONAL GAZETTE OF THE REGENCY OF WEST BANDUNG OF 2024
NUMBER 3

Jakarta, 29 September 2025
Has been translated as an Official Translation
on behalf of the Minister of Law
of the Republic of Indonesia
DIRECTOR GENERAL OF LEGISLATION,



DHAHANA PUTRA

ELUCIDATION OF DRAFT
REGIONAL REGULATION OF THE REGENCY OF WEST BANDUNG
NUMBER 3 OF 2024
ON
IMPLEMENTATION OF PUBLIC ORDER, PEACE AND COMMUNITY
PROTECTION

I. GENERAL

One of the mandatory government affairs related to basic public services, as stipulated in Law Number 23 of 2014 on Local Governments, as amended several times, last by Law Number 6 of 2023 on the Enactment of Government Regulation in Lieu of Law Number 2 of 2022 on Job Creation into Law is the matter of public order, peace, and community protection. This affair is a priority for the Local Government, as a peaceful and orderly environment is a fundamental human need, both individually and collectively, for conducting social activities. The main objective goes beyond achieving public welfare — it focuses on ensuring the happiness and well-being of the people. This shift in target requires a change in paradigm, clearly distinguishing the approach to public peace from that of public order

As a regional legal product, this Regional Regulation acts as the legal foundation for Local Government policy in implementing public peace, order, and community protection, thus providing legal certainty for the implementation of its authority, including law enforcement, both preventively and non-judicially, and the organization of public peace and order as well as community Protection.

II. ARTICLE BY ARTICLE

Article 1

The terms in this article are intended to prevent misinterpretation and misunderstanding in the comprehension and implementation of the provisions of this Regional Regulation.

Article 2

Sufficiently clear.

Article 3

Sufficiently clear.

Article 4

Sufficiently clear.

Article 5

Sufficiently clear.

Article 6

Section (1)

Sufficiently clear.

Section (2)

Point a

Sufficiently clear.

Point b

Sufficiently clear.

Point c

Sufficiently clear.

Point d

Sufficiently clear.

Point e

Sufficiently clear.

Point f

Sufficiently clear.

Point g

Sufficiently clear.

Point h

Sufficiently clear.

Point i

Sufficiently clear.

Point j

Sufficiently clear.

Point k

Sufficiently clear.

Point l

Sufficiently clear.

Point m

Sufficiently clear.

Point n

Sufficiently clear.

Point o

Sufficiently clear.

Point p

Sufficiently clear.

Point q

The term "other forms of order" means the order that has been stipulated in other Regional Regulations apart from this Regional Regulation.

Article 7

Section (1)

Sufficiently clear.

Section (2)

Point a

The term "informative approach" means an approach taken by the officers through the delivery of information intended to change public knowledge via interpersonal communication.

Point b

The term "dialogic approach" means an approach taken by the officers through conversations or dialogue aimed at openly changing the public's views and attitudes.

Point c

The term "persuasive approach" means an approach taken by officers by delivering verbal or non-verbal messages through persuasion or encouragement, with the goal of changing public attitudes and behaviors based on willingness and voluntary acceptance of the messages conveyed.

Article 8

Sufficiently clear.

Article 9

Sufficiently clear.

Article 10

Sufficiently clear.

Article 11

Sufficiently clear.

Article 12

Sufficiently clear.

Article 13

Sufficiently clear.

Article 14

Sufficiently clear.

Article 15

Sufficiently clear.

Article 16

Sufficiently clear.

Article 17

Sufficiently clear.

Article 18

Sufficiently clear.

Article 19

Sufficiently clear.

Article 20

Sufficiently clear.

Article 21

Sufficiently clear.

Article 22

Sufficiently clear.

Article 23

Sufficiently clear.

Article 24
Sufficiently clear.

Article 25
Sufficiently clear.

Article 26
Sufficiently clear.

Article 27
Sufficiently clear.

Article 28
Sufficiently clear.

Article 29
Sufficiently clear.

Article 30
Sufficiently clear.

Article 31
Sufficiently clear.

Article 32
Sufficiently clear.

Article 33
Sufficiently clear.

Article 34
Sufficiently clear.

Article 35
Sufficiently clear.

Article 36
Sufficiently clear.

Article 37
Sufficiently clear.

Article 38
Sufficiently clear.

Article 39
Sufficiently clear.

Article 40
Sufficiently clear.

Article 41
Sufficiently clear.

Article 42
Sufficiently clear.

Article 43
Sufficiently clear.

Article 44
Sufficiently clear.

Article 45
Sufficiently clear.

Article 46
Sufficiently clear.

Article 47
Sufficiently clear.

Article 48
Sufficiently clear.

Article 49
Sufficiently clear.

Article 50
Sufficiently clear.

Article 51
Sufficiently clear.

Article 52
Sufficiently clear.

Article 53
Sufficiently clear.

Article 54
Sufficiently clear.

Article 55
Sufficiently clear.

Article 56
Sufficiently clear.

Article 57
Sufficiently clear.

Article 58
Sufficiently clear.

Article 59
Sufficiently clear.

Article 60
Sufficiently clear.

Article 61
Sufficiently clear.

Article 62
Sufficiently clear.

Article 63
Sufficiently clear.

Article 64
Section (1)
Sufficiently clear.
Section (2)
Point a

The term “inter-regional cooperation” means a joint effort conducted between one Region and another in the context of implementing Government affairs under the authority of the regions, with the aim of improving public welfare and accelerating the fulfilment of public services.

Point b

The term “cooperation between the Region and third parties” means a joint effort conducted between the Region and third parties in administering government affairs under the region’s authority, in order to improve public welfare and accelerate the fulfilment of public services.

Article 65
Section (1)
The term “maintenance partners” means the community members who actively participate in maintaining public order and peace, as well as in community Protection efforts.
Section (2)
Sufficiently clear.
Section (3)
Sufficiently clear.

Article 66
Sufficiently clear.

Article 67
Sufficiently clear.

Article 68
Sufficiently clear.

Article 69
Sufficiently clear.

Article 70
Sufficiently clear.

Article 71
Sufficiently clear.

Article 72
Sufficiently clear.

Article 73
Sufficiently clear.

Article 74
Sufficiently clear.

Article 75
Sufficiently clear.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE REGIONAL GAZETTE OF THE REGENCY OF WEST
BANDUNG NUMBER 3